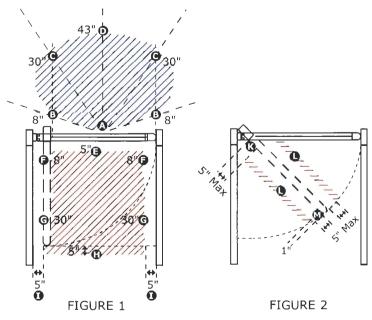


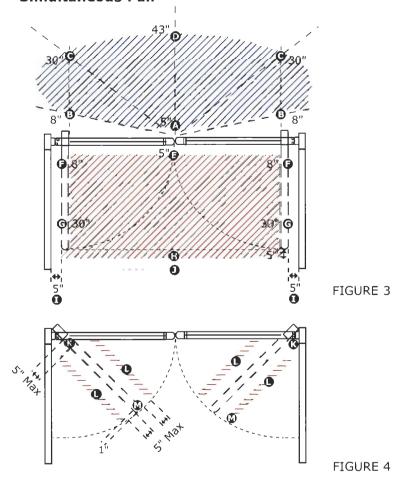
AUTOMATIC DOOR SENSORS PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS ANSI 156.10 2005



Single swing



Simultaneous Pair



ACTIVATION (Blue)

SECTION 8.1.1 (FIGS. 1 & 3)

- Minimum width equal to the width of the clear door opening
- Detection points measured at 8" (B) & 30" (C) perpendicular from the face of the closed door
- Length from the face of the door is 43" min. (D) measured at the center of the clear door opening
- Detection to be effective to within 5" (A) from the face of the door measured at the center of the clear door opening

SECTION 8.1.2

- Motion sensors shall detect a 28" minimum high person
- Motion sensors shall detect a person moving at a rate of 6" per second towards the center of the door

SAFETY (Red)

SECTION 8.1.3

 Presence sensors shall detect a stationary 28" minimum high person within the detection areas for a minimum of 30 seconds

SECTION 8.2.2.1 - Overhead Sensor (FIGS. 1 & 3)

- Length of active area to be effective to within 5" (E) of the face of the closed door measured at the center of the door opening
- Safety zone shall extend 5" (H) beyond the leading edge of the open door measured at the center of the door opening
- Width of the active area measured perpendicular from the face of the closed door shall:
 - > Equal the door opening less 5" (I) maximum on both sides
 - > Measured parallel to the face of the door at 8" (F) and 30" (G)

SECTION 8.2.2.2 (FIG. 3)

 An additional sensor, sensors, or photo beam shall be used to inhibit reopening of the door until the safety zone is cleared (J)

SECTION 8.2.2.3 - Door Mounted Sensor (FIGS. 2 & 4)

- Shall be effective to within 5" (L) from the face of the door
- Shall be effective for the width of the door less 5" (K) from the pivot point
- Shall be effective for the width of the door within 1" (M) of the lead edge
- Shall detect a 28" minimum high person fully in the swing path
- Shall cause the door to reverse direction, stop or slow down to a maximum latch edge speed of 4" per second measured within 1" of the latch edge



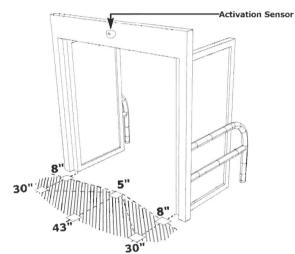


SWINGING DOOR REQUIREMENTS

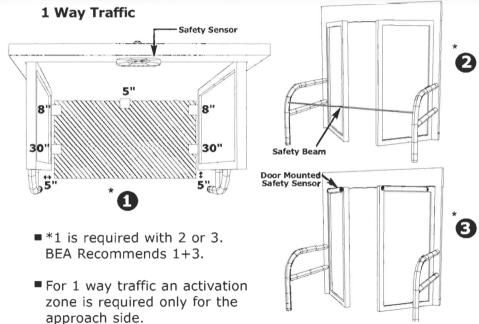
ACTIVATION

SAFETY

1 Way Traffic



■ ANSI does not recommend 2 way traffic for swinging doors.



This document is provided by BEA, Inc., solely as an aide in qualifying sensor recommendations. BEA, Inc. does not express or imply that this document be used as a substitute to any applicable standard, regulation, or code, nor is it intended as a substitute inspection form for the American Association of Automatic Door Manufacturers.



BEA's explanation to help you understand:

1. ANSI - American National Standard Institute. ANSI is a standard not a law. Because there are no regulations for automatic doors, the ANSI standard is utilized in a court of law as the reference point in determining many cases.

156.10 full power operated pedestrian doors (2005) a. b.

- 156.19 low energy (ADA) power operated doors (2002) 156.27 power and manual operated revolving pedestrian doors (2003) c.
- 2. AAADM- American Association of Automatic Door Manufacturers. AAADM is a trade association of automatic door manufacturers dedicated to the promotion of safety throughout the automatic door industry. AAADM certified inspectors learn the following:

The ANSI 156.10 standard a.

- b. How to conduct field tests of automatic door installations to ensure the door complies to the ANSI standard
- How to complete necessary inspection forms c.
- 3. **Presence sensor (safety)** A presence sensor will detect the "presence" of an object or person within a predetermined detection pattern and prevents the door from striking the person or object, depending on the situation.
- 4. <u>Infrared Technology</u>- Detects the presence of a stationary person, or object by emitting a pulsed invisible light signal from the LED (Light Emitting Diode) back to a receiver that analyzes the reflected signal. In other words, the infrared takes a "picture" of the safety area and if the "picture" changes, the door will remain safe. Infrared Technology is ideal for detecting presence, not motion. Caution: not all infrared sensors are created equal, if a weaker infrared technology is used the sensor may not detect some dark colors which could result in an unsafe door.
- 5. Motion sensor (activation)- A motion sensor will detect the movement of an object or person within its detection pattern.
- 6. **K-Band Microwave Technology** Provides a sharp, crisp, stable pattern that can detect motion moving as slow as 2" per second. Microwave technology has been proven to be the best technology to activate a door open.
- 7. Low energy swinging door (ADA)- The opening time shall be 3 seconds or longer and meet other criteria of ANSI 156.19.
- 8. Full Automatic swinging door-The opening time shall be 1.5 seconds or longer and meet other criteria of ANSI 156.10.
- 9. Photo-electric beams-A device which employs the use of a visible or invisible light beam across or through an opening typically used as a safety device. When the beam is interrupted by a person or object, a signal is generated. Caution: beams cover a small area and can miss detecting an object, such as a walker or child lying on the floor.
- 10. Knowing Act- Pressing a push plate or performing another act to open a door.
- 11. Trained traffic-People trained in the safe use and operation of a particular automatic door. ANSI does not apply to trained traffic doors. Caution: very few doors are actually trained traffic doors.
- 12. Two-way traffic Traffic approaching from both sides of the door. (i.e. traffic entering both the swing and non-swing side of the door)

**For more information, please visit: www.bea-arch.com



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BEA West







